

What is a role of a University-based space community and how to make it a stronger community?

"University-based" space community (1)

Uniqueness of "University" in Space Development

- Almost all the countries have universities, even without space agency or space industry
- Universities have been participating in practical space development/utilizations activities through research projects
- Education and technological development are performed concurrently
- University is not usually seeking for profit, so can be "open"
- Combination of professional faculty members and young and energetic students
 - Professors sometimes support government's space policy
 - Students can be strong workforce for actual development
- Many professors in different countries already have some relationships through academic conferences, etc.

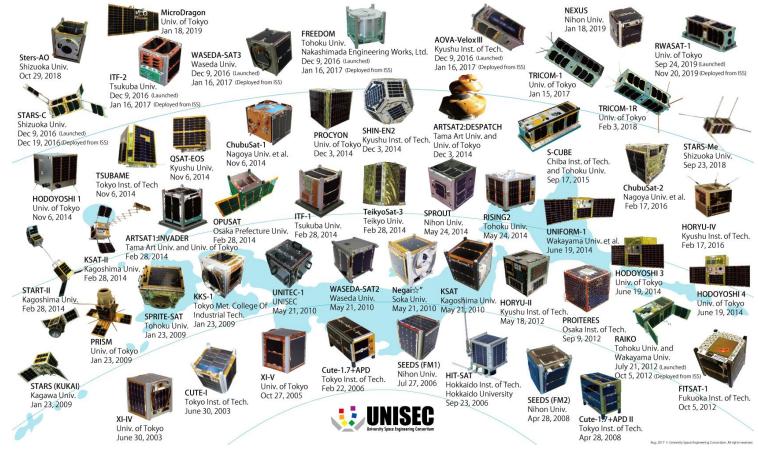
Example in Japan: UNISEC

(UNIversity Space Engineering Consortium)

- Founded in 2002, obtained the legal status in 2003
- 52 laboratories from 38 universities
- 826 students, 287 individual/company members
- UNISEC Missions:
 - Education and human resource training for space development and utilizations
 - Innovative space technology "seeds" development
- Activities to be Supported:
 - Joint experiment, joint development, joint education, etc.
 - Workshop, symposium, technology exchange, etc.
 - Consultation on legal matters (frequency, export law, etc.)
 - Finding "rivals" within the community!
 - "UNISEC Lecture Series"

http://www.unisec.jp

"University Community" Effect in Japan 58 university satellites launched in 2003-2019



Effect of seeing other universities' activities.

"We can do better than them!"

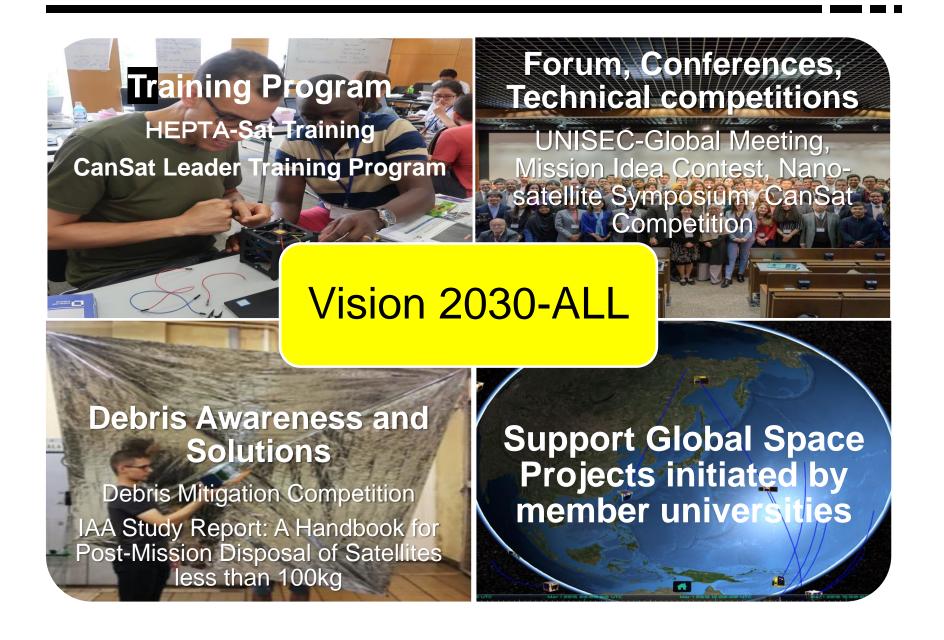
"We want to hear their experiences and skills!"

"University-based" space community (2)

Merits of Establishing "University Community"

- Emerging countries can see "models" of their own futures
 - How to grow up after the first CubeSat success?
- Rivalry feeling encourages efforts to improve themselves
- Advanced universities can teach novice universities
 - Teaching itself can be education for advanced universities
- Usually "open atmosphere," which accelerates innovations by integration of varied technologies and needs
- Why "Universities" can do space development now?
 - Micro/nano/pico-satellites provide universities with easiness to participate in practical space development
 - Recent IC technologies, open data platform of remote sensing images, etc. make space utilizations far easier

To International Level: "UNISEC-Global"



UNIGLO-Education Programs

- Mission Idea Contest
 - Education on how to create missions and basic satellite design
- Debris Mitigation
 Competition
 - Education on international code of conduct which every country should keep in mind
- CanSat Leader training Program (CLTP)
 - Education with hands-on training







Encouragement of Collaborations

Global Space Projects by Member Universities



Store & Forward CubeSat "IoT" network



BIRDS project



Standardization of CubeSat interface



Global University Space Debris Observation Network(GUSDON)

To facilitate community activities

- Joint project
 - Joint satellite projects like "QB50"
 - Maybe difficult in this COVID-19 situation
 - More "research type" joint projects would be possible
 - Research on remote sensing to mitigate social problems, etc.
 - Various technologies around solar power satellites, etc.
 - New concept on "Software Defined Satellites (SDS)"
 - Idea competition and continuous brain storming
- Encouraging competition (rivalry) mind between members
 - "Best activity of the year" award
 - Visualization of each member's space activities
 - A list of developed satellites, etc.

Today's Messages

「千里の道も一歩から」
"A journey of a thousand miles begins with a single step"

「継続は力なり」 "Persistence pays off."